

Why Has Belgium Vowed to Back the ICJ's Verdict on Gaza 'Genocide'?

Unlike other European nations, Belgium has said it would support the international court's decisions on South Africa's case against Israel.

By <u>Priyanka Shankar</u> Global Research, January 26, 2024 <u>Al Jazeera</u> 23 January 2024 Region: <u>Europe</u>, <u>Middle East & North Africa</u> Theme: <u>Law and Justice</u> In-depth Report: <u>PALESTINE</u>

All Global Research articles can be read in 51 languages by activating the Translate Website button below the author's name (only available in desktop version).

To receive Global Research's Daily Newsletter (selected articles), <u>click here</u>.

Click the share button above to email/forward this article to your friends and colleagues. Follow us on <u>Instagram</u> and <u>Twitter</u> and subscribe to our <u>Telegram Channel</u>. Feel free to repost and share widely Global Research articles.

<u>New Year Donation Drive: Global Research Is Committed to the "Unspoken Truth"</u>

As the world anticipates a preliminary verdict from the International Court of Justice (ICJ) on <u>South Africa's genocide case</u> against Israel, leaders in the European Union remain divided on how to interpret the decision.

Shortly after the two-day hearing at the world's top court in the Hague earlier this month, where South Africa <u>told</u> the ICJ that Israel's actions in the Gaza strip violated the UN's 1948 Genocide Convention, Germany, Austria and the Czech Republic – staunch allies of Israel – rejected these claims. Hungary condemned the case, while Berlin declared that it would intervene on Israel's behalf at the ICJ.

Last week, France, which is home to Europe's largest Muslim and Jewish minorities and has been in the headlines for banning pro-Palestine protests since October 7, chimed in, saying Paris also does not support the ICJ case against Israel.

"To accuse the Jewish state of genocide is to cross a moral threshold," said French Foreign Minister Stephane Sejourne.

Other EU nations have remained silent on the court case.

Slovenia is an exception, having announced its support for another ICJ case against Israel regarding Palestinian rights.

And, among the bloc's more outspoken critics of Israel's military conduct in Palestine,

Ireland has adopted a cautious stance. In Spain, the minority left-wing Sumar party in the coalition government backed South Africa's case.

Click here to read the full article on <u>Al Jazeera</u>.

*

Note to readers: Please click the share button above. Follow us on Instagram and Twitter and subscribe to our Telegram Channel. Feel free to repost and share widely Global Research articles.

Featured image: Hundreds of people gather in front of the Gare du Nord building to protest against Israeli attacks on Gaza [File: Dursun Aydemir/Anadolu]

The original source of this article is <u>Al Jazeera</u> Copyright © <u>Priyanka Shankar</u>, <u>Al Jazeera</u>, 2024

Comment on Global Research Articles on our Facebook page

Become a Member of Global Research

Articles by: Priyanka Shankar

Disclaimer: The contents of this article are of sole responsibility of the author(s). The Centre for Research on Globalization will not be responsible for any inaccurate or incorrect statement in this article. The Centre of Research on Globalization grants permission to cross-post Global Research articles on community internet sites as long the source and copyright are acknowledged together with a hyperlink to the original Global Research article. For publication of Global Research articles in print or other forms including commercial internet sites, contact: publications@globalresearch.ca

www.globalresearch.ca contains copyrighted material the use of which has not always been specifically authorized by the copyright owner. We are making such material available to our readers under the provisions of "fair use" in an effort to advance a better understanding of political, economic and social issues. The material on this site is distributed without profit to those who have expressed a prior interest in receiving it for research and educational purposes. If you wish to use copyrighted material for purposes other than "fair use" you must request permission from the copyright owner.

For media inquiries: publications@globalresearch.ca