

US supportive of Israeli airstrikes on Syria

By [RT](#)

Global Research, May 05, 2013

[Russia Today](#) 5 May 2013

Region: [Middle East & North Africa](#), [USA](#)

Theme: [US NATO War Agenda](#)

In-depth Report: [SYRIA](#), [THE WAR ON LEBANON](#)

The Obama administration is fully supportive of Israeli airstrikes on Syria, US officials told NBC News. Israel has reportedly carried out a second airstrike on Syria in two days.

Earlier Sunday, Syria's information minister said that those who infringe on Syria's sovereignty must "*study their choices carefully*." He said that Israel has "*proved its link to terrorist groups*."

In a Sunday statement, Omran al-Zoabi added that it is Damascus' duty to "*protect the state from any domestic or foreign attack through all available means*."

The minister's comments came after an emergency cabinet meeting organized to respond to what a Western source called a new strike on Iranian missiles bound for Lebanon's Hezbollah, Reuters reported.

The Arab League has condemned the alleged strike on Syria and urged the UN Security Council (UNSC) to act, reports Lebanon's Naharnet news outlet. This follows reports of condemnation from Egyptian, Lebanese and Iranian leaders.

The country's Foreign Ministry sent a letter to the UN and the UN Security Council protesting "*Israeli aggression*" that killed and wounded several people and "*caused widespread destruction*." It also said the attacks aimed "*to give direct military support to terrorist groups*" fighting the government.



Still from YouTube video/momo1984momo1

The notion was backed by Syrian Deputy Foreign Minister Faisal Mekdad, who said the attack proved that there is an alliance between Israel and Islamists trying to topple the Syrian government. In an interview with CNN he said the airstrikes are a *“declaration of war”* by Israel and that Syria would retaliate in its own time and way.

Egypt has also condemned the attack, saying it complicated a crisis that Cairo was trying to help resolve. The Egyptian government said in a statement that the strike was a violation of international law and a threat to the regional security.

Speaking for the first time since the alleged strike, Israel’s Deputy Defense Minister Danny Danon told Army Radio, *“The State of Israel is protecting its interest and will continue doing so. I am not confirming or denying the reports...we have said on various occasions in the past that we will do everything anywhere in order to protect those interests.”*

Senior correspondent for Israel’s Haaretz newspaper, Amir Oren, said that Israel is *“only trying to prevent and preempt further conflagration.”*

“While there are many reasons in other aspects to be critical of Israeli policy, it does seem that this time around it’s quite balanced,” he told RT. Oren added that Israel is merely trying to prevent another Lebanon war.

British Foreign Secretary William Hague agrees, saying that Israel has a right to defend itself.

“All countries have to look after their own national security, of course, and are able to take actions to protect their own national security,” Mr Hague told Sky News.

Hague added that the recent escalation in the conflict and Israel’s airstrikes showed that the conflict risked spreading to the wider Middle East. He stressed once more that it was time to consider lifting the arms embargo on Syria’s opposition.

The original source of this article is [Russia Today](#)
Copyright © [RT](#), [Russia Today](#), 2013

[Comment on Global Research Articles on our Facebook page](#)

[Become a Member of Global Research](#)

Articles by: [RT](#)

Disclaimer: The contents of this article are of sole responsibility of the author(s). The Centre for Research on Globalization will not be responsible for any inaccurate or incorrect statement in this article. The Centre of Research on Globalization grants permission to cross-post Global Research articles on community internet sites as long the source and copyright are acknowledged together with a hyperlink to the original Global Research article. For publication of Global Research articles in print or other forms including commercial internet sites, contact: publications@globalresearch.ca

www.globalresearch.ca contains copyrighted material the use of which has not always been specifically authorized by the copyright owner. We are making such material available to our readers under the provisions of "fair use" in an effort to advance a better understanding of political, economic and social issues. The material on this site is distributed without profit to those who have expressed a prior interest in receiving it for research and educational purposes. If you wish to use copyrighted material for purposes other than "fair use" you must request permission from the copyright owner.

For media inquiries: publications@globalresearch.ca