

US Recruits Israel Against Russia

By <u>M. K. Bhadrakumar</u> Global Research, April 26, 2022 <u>Indian Punchline</u> 25 April 2022 Region: <u>Europe</u>, <u>Middle East & North Africa</u>, <u>Russia and FSU</u>, <u>USA</u> Theme: <u>Intelligence</u>

All Global Research articles can be read in 51 languages by activating the "Translate Website" drop down menu on the top banner of our home page (Desktop version).

To receive Global Research's Daily Newsletter (selected articles), click here.

Visit and follow us on <u>Instagram</u>, <u>Twitter</u> and <u>Facebook</u>. Feel free to repost and share widely Global Research articles.

For more than one reason, the US President Joe Biden's call with Israeli Prime Minister Naftali Bennett on Sunday is hugely consequential. This has been Biden's second phone conversation with Bennett in four weeks. On March 30 Biden called to express his "deepest condolences" following the terrorist attacks that killed 11 people in three Israeli cities.

This time around, his call coincided with the joint meeting of the US secretaries of state and defence with the Ukrainian president in Kiev on Sunday signifying that Washington is raising the ante in the conflict with Russia and marking a shift in the conflict, signalling readiness to wade deeper into the conflict after initial qualms.

The US and NATO allies are showing readiness to supply heavier equipment and more advanced weapons systems to Ukraine. After the trip to Kiev, Defence Secretary Austin told journalists in Poland that Ukraine can win the war against Russia if it has the right equipment.

"We believe that we can win, they can win if they have the right equipment, the right support," he said.

Officials in Kiev had earlier drawn up a list of weapons that they urgently needed from the US, which includes anti-missile and anti-aircraft systems. Ukraine is known to have sought advanced weaponry from Israel previously, including the famous "Iron Dome" anti-missile system and the infamous Pegasus spyware for use against Russia. But <u>Israel didn't want to stick out its neck for Ukraine</u> due to fears of jeopardising its tacit deconfliction measures with Moscow during its operations against Iranian targets in Syria.

However, things changed dramatically in the past fortnight or so, as Israel gave up its neutrality toward Russia's special operation and accused Moscow of committing war crimes. Biden's conversation with Bennett took place as <u>Russia-Israel relations began plummeting</u>. Interestingly, the White House readout flagged a pointed reference by Biden to Israel's Iron Dome system.

Both the White House readout (here) and the statement from Bennett's office (here) mentioned the situation around Iran. It is entirely conceivable that the sudden unexplained shift in Israel's stance vis-a-vis Russia in the Ukraine conflict is prompted by some sort of modus vivendi with the Biden Administration regarding the lifting of sanctions against Iran.

Israel has been pulling out all stops to prevent the Biden administration from conceding the Iranian demand for the removal of the Islamic Revolutionary Guards Corps (IRGC) from Washington's watchlist on terror groups. The Israeli statement not only mentioned that the IRGC issue was discussed but quoted Bennett as saying, "I am sure that President Biden, who is a true friend of Israel and cares about its security, will not allow the IRGC to be removed from the list of terrorist organisations. Israel has clarified its position on the issue: The IRGC is the largest terrorist organisation in the world." Biden has accepted an invitation from Bennett to visit Israel "in the coming months."

In the entire West Asian landscape, there is not a single country other than Israel that the US can count on today as an ally against Russia. Clearly, the security climate in West Asia will change phenomenally if the Biden Administration were to turn its back at this point on the negotiations relating to JCPOA. The White House readout highlighted that Biden and Bennett discussed "shared regional and global security challenges, including the threat posed by Iran and its proxies."

A powerful lobby in the Beltway, starting with none other than the <u>Democratic Senator Bob</u> <u>Menendez</u>, Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, is opposed to any deal with Iran. These lobbyists argue that with Iran continuing to rapidly escalate its nuclear program and making clear that its ballistic missiles and regional policies are not negotiable, there is little left for the US to salvage out of the JCPOA.

Speaking at the US Senate Armed Services Committee, the Chairman of the US Joint Chiefs of Staff, General Mark Milley, <u>said recently</u>, "In my personal opinion I believe the IRGC Quds Force to be a terrorist organisation and I do not support them being delisted from the Foreign Terrorist Organisations list." Again, in an open letter to Biden, 70 national security professionals have opposed the delisting of the IRGC as a foreign terrorist organisation. In another open letter, 46 retired US generals and admirals have opposed the ongoing nuclear deal.

Viewed from another angle, now that <u>Europe is not contemplating an oil / gas embargo</u> <u>against Russia</u>, Washington is no longer under pressure to lift the sanctions against Iran's energy exports. And at any rate, the US will be mindful of the possibility that Iran may provide a lifeline to Russia to beat Western sanctions.

Meanwhile, Biden administration's <u>priority is also shifting</u> away from economic sanctions against Russia to "finally breaking the back of Russia's ability to project power outside of Russia to threaten Georgia, to threaten Moldova, to threaten our Baltic allies" — to borrow the words of former US Army Europe Commander Ben Hodges from a recent interview.

Austin has called at short notice a meeting tomorrow at the American base in Germany with counterparts from allied countries to discuss the scope for vastly increased <u>military supplies</u> to Ukraine on a long-term basis. Biden's call to Bennett just prior to that meeting suggests that the US may have persuaded Israel to be an active participant in the war in Ukraine, which would "bleed" Russia "white."

What motivates Israel would be that the Biden administration is willing to accommodate Israeli concerns over a US-Iran nuclear deal. That explains Bennett's "confidence" that Biden will not concede Iran's demand to remove IRGC from the terror watchlist.

The bottom line is that Tehran is left with no other option now but to either accept a new deal or stick to its demands and pay for the consequences. The US estimates that Tehran, having come so close to the US lifting the sanctions, which will of course be a game changer for Iran's besieged economy, would think twice about walking away with empty hands.

Biden's call with Bennett messages to Tehran that the US is prepared to turn to other options if the negotiations fail in Vienna.

*

Note to readers: Please click the share buttons above or below. Follow us on Instagram, Twitter and Facebook. Feel free to repost and share widely Global Research articles.

The original source of this article is <u>Indian Punchline</u> Copyright © <u>M. K. Bhadrakumar</u>, <u>Indian Punchline</u>, 2022

Comment on Global Research Articles on our Facebook page

Become a Member of Global Research

Articles by: <u>M. K.</u> <u>Bhadrakumar</u>

Disclaimer: The contents of this article are of sole responsibility of the author(s). The Centre for Research on Globalization will not be responsible for any inaccurate or incorrect statement in this article. The Centre of Research on Globalization grants permission to cross-post Global Research articles on community internet sites as long the source and copyright are acknowledged together with a hyperlink to the original Global Research article. For publication of Global Research articles in print or other forms including commercial internet sites, contact: <u>publications@globalresearch.ca</u>

www.globalresearch.ca contains copyrighted material the use of which has not always been specifically authorized by the copyright owner. We are making such material available to our readers under the provisions of "fair use" in an effort to advance a better understanding of political, economic and social issues. The material on this site is distributed without profit to those who have expressed a prior interest in receiving it for research and educational purposes. If you wish to use copyrighted material for purposes other than "fair use" you must request permission from the copyright owner.

For media inquiries: publications@globalresearch.ca