

UK Court Denies Venezuela \$1bn in Gold Needed to Fight Virus

Caracas vowed to appeal the "outrageous" decision recognizing opposition leader Juan Guaido as Venezuela's head of state.

By <u>Lucas Koerner</u> Global Research, July 03, 2020 <u>Venezuelanalysis.com</u> 2 July 2020 Region: <u>Europe</u>, <u>Latin America & Caribbean</u> Theme: <u>Global Economy</u>, <u>Law and Justice</u>

The United Kingdom's High Court has blocked the Venezuelan government's effort to recover 31 tons of the nation's gold held by the Bank of England (BoE).

In a ruling handed down on Thursday, the court said it "unequivocally recognised opposition leader Juan Guaidó as president," rejecting the Maduro government's right to repatriate the gold belonging to the Venezuelan Central Bank (BCV).

The BCV <u>vowed</u> to immediately appeal the "outrageous" decision, accusing the High Court of "trying to deny the Venezuelan people of the gold urgently needed to face the COVID-19 pandemic."

Since late 2018, the BoE has <u>refused</u> to return the gold in its vaults, which is valued at an estimated US \$1.2 billion.

On May 14, Caracas <u>filed</u> a lawsuit to access the reserves, which it plans to sell and transfer the proceeds to the United Nations Development Programme in order to import food, medicines and healthcare equipment. While Venezuela has not been hard hit by COVID-19 so far, analysts <u>warn</u> that the country's healthcare system – battered by years of underinvestment and US sanctions – is ill-prepared to face the pandemic.

Lawyers for the Venezuelan government argued that while the UK recognized Guaido as head of state last year London still recognizes Maduro de facto, maintaining regular consular relations with Caracas. According to the Venezuelan legal team, the court ruling ignores "the reality of the situation on the ground" in which President Nicolas Maduro's government is "in complete control of Venezuela and its administrative institutions."

For his part, Judge Nigel Teare stated that 10 Downing St. had "unequivocally" recognized Guaido as "interim president" and that under the "one voice" doctrine the judiciary was bound to the government's position.

Guaido <u>proclaimed</u> himself "interim president" of the South American country in January 2019 and was recognized by the US and several dozen of its allies.

The Trump administration subsequently moved to block Venezuelan state assets abroad, including millions of dollars held in bank accounts as well as Veneuzelan state oil firm PDVSA's US-based subsidiary, <u>CITGO</u>.

Washington has also imposed crippling economic sanctions aimed at toppling the Maduro government, including a sweeping trade <u>embargo</u> with <u>secondary sanctions</u> targeting third party actors like Russia's <u>Rosneft</u>.

The US government has pressed its allies to comply with the unilateral measures. In his newly released memoir, former White House National Security Advisor John Bolton <u>revealed</u> that in January 2019 he coordinated with UK Foreign Minister Jeremy Hunt, who he said was "delighted to cooperate on steps [the UK] could take, for example freezing Venezuelan gold deposits in the Bank of England."

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