

The Untold Financial Story of 9/11: Bailing Out Alan Greenspan's Legacy. Billions of Financial Dealings by the Fed in Immediate Wake of 9/11

By Pam Martens and Russ Martens Global Research, September 12, 2016 Wall Street on Parade 11 September 2016

Today marks the 15th Anniversary of the tragic events of September 11, 2001 and yet the American public remains in the dark about critical details of hundreds of billions of dollars of financial dealings by the Federal Reserve in the days, weeks and months that followed 9/11.

What has also been lost in the official 9/11 Commission Report, Congressional hearings and academic studies, is how Wall Street, on the day the planes slammed into the World Trade Towers, was on the cusp of being exposed by the New York State Attorney General, Eliot Spitzer, as the orchestrator of a fraud of unprecedented proportion against the investing public. That investigation was stalled for more than six months. It would have been politically incorrect to do perp walks outside Wall Street's biggest investment banks as families mourned the loss of their loved ones; as U.S. savings bonds were renamed Patriot Bonds to rally patriotism around the country; and Congress paid homage to the heroes at the big banks, the stock exchanges and the Federal Reserve for getting the system back up and running in less than a week.

The loony policies of laissez-faire capitalism of Fed Chair Alan Greenspan, who <u>worshiped at</u> <u>the feet of Ayn Rand</u>, were also bailed out by the events of 9/11. Members of the Senate Banking Committee praised him on September 20, 2001 for his performance. Amazingly, at this hearing, just nine days after the attack, not one Senator asked Greenspan how much money the Fed had spent or to whom it went. The percolating collapse of Wall Street was held off for seven more years until 2008 when it finally became impossible to deny that Greenspan's brand of financial deregulation and the repeal of the Glass-Steagall Act he had pushed for, had left Wall Street in ruins – without any assault from the skies.



Alan Greenspan, Former Fed Chairman, Testifying to the House

Oversight Committee on How He Got It Wrong, October 23, 2008

Here's where Wall Street and the U.S. economy stood on September 10, 2001, the day before an attack in lower Manhattan provided the excuse for the Federal Reserve to flood Wall Street with unquestioned amounts of cash: The Nasdaq stock market, filled with the stocks of rigged analyst research from the iconic firms on Wall Street (the target of Spitzer's investigation), had imploded, losing 66 percent of its pumped up value and wiping out \$4 trillion in wealth. While it wasn't yet known at the time, being only officially acknowledged long after 9/11, the U.S. economy had contracted for two consecutive quarters and was looking at another negative quarter of growth.

Thus, it was quite advantageous for Alan Greenspan's legacy as Chair of the Federal Reserve and what might have been an even worse economic slump that the Fed was given carte blanche to funnel hundreds of billions of dollars to Wall Street after 9/11 with the Federal government pumping billions more in fiscal stimulus.

According to a <u>report</u> from the New York Fed, an "unprecedented" amount of liquidity was pumped into the system. The Congressional Research Service quantifies the "unprecedented" amount as "\$100 billion per day" over a three-day period beginning on 9/11. But the idea that the bailout lasted only a few days or weeks is misguided. The consolidated annual reports of the Federal Reserve Banks show that the Fed's balance sheet grew from \$609.9 billion at the end of 2000 to \$654.9 billion at the end of 2001 to \$730.9 billion at the end of 2002 and \$771.5 billion as of <u>December 31, 2003</u>.

According to the 2001 Annual Report of the Chicago Fed, one unnamed bank was so grateful for the largess flowing from the Fed that it sent "a thousand packages of LifeSavers candy to each of the 45 Fed offices."

A <u>report prepared by Stacy Panigay Coleman</u> for the Federal Reserve's Division of Reserve Bank Operations and Payment Systems indicated that the flood of money took various forms on and after 9/11:

A handful of the largest, again unnamed, Wall Street banks were dramatically overdrafting their accounts at the Fed, resulting in daylight overdrafts peaking at "\$150 billion on September 14, their highest level ever and more than 60 percent higher than usual...." According to other annual reports at regional Fed banks, fees were waived by the Fed for these massive overdrafts.

Coleman reports that "discount window loans rose from around \$200 million to about \$45 billion on September 12."

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