

## **Olmert talks of Military Action against Iran**

White House and Olmert meet to discuss Middle East Agenda

By Aluf Benn

Global Research, November 13, 2006

Haaretz 13 November 2006

Region: Middle East & North Africa

Theme: <u>US NATO War Agenda</u>

In-depth Report: <u>IRAN: THE NEXT WAR?</u>

## **Editorial Note**

These are clear signs that Israel, along with the United States, is contemplating attacks or war with Iran and Syria.

Israel has been threatening to attack Iran, along with both Syria and Lebanon, for sometime now. These threats are not new. The threats of Ehud Olmert and the Israeli government to attack Iran constitute a breach of the U.N. Charter and international law.

Prime Minister Ehud Olmert and the Israeli government, with the support of the White House, have continued their illegal threats of war and violence against both Iran and Syria.

Additionally, Ehud Olmert directly indicates that the November 2006 elections in the United States would not change American foreign policy in regards to Israel and the Middle East; "Support for Israel traditionally has been bipartisan [Republican and Democrat]. I don't see anything changing in the next two years that can alter the balance of feeling towards us [Israel]."

The Israeli article in Haaretz also reports that "Prime Minister [Ehud Olmert] also hinted for the first time Sunday [November 12, 2006] at the possibility of Israeli military action against Iran to thwart its nuclear efforts." The report further states that "[Ehud] Olmert said that 'Iran will only agree to a compromise on the issue of its nuclear program if it has a reason to be afraid.'"

The <u>Agence France-Presse</u> (AFP) also wrote a piece with an admission of Israeli plans to launch an attack against Iran:

"'I am not advocating an[y] Israeli preemptive military action against Iran ... I consider it a last resort. But even the last resort is sometimes the only resort,' Israeli Deputy Defense Minister Ephraim Sneh said in comments published Friday."

As a note to readers, the Israeli war on Lebanon in the summer of 2006 followed a meeting, prior to the Israeli campaign against Lebanon, between Ehud Olmert and the Bush Administration in Washington. Iran, Syria, Lebanon, and Palestine are all on the joint agenda of the White House and Ehud Olmert. Step by step, the stage is being set up for a possible new stage of the Middle Eastern war.

Prime Minister Ehud Olmert said ahead of White House talks with President George W. Bush on Monday that he was not looking for war with Iran over its nuclear program.

"Every compromise that will stop Iran from acquiring nuclear capabilities which will be acceptable to President Bush will be acceptable to me," Olmert said in an interview with NBC's "Today Show."

"I am not looking for wars. I am not looking for confrontations. I'm looking for the outcome. This campaign will be tested in only one way – whether it will succeed to stop Iran from possessing nuclear weapons," he said in the interview, recorded in Israel on Friday and broadcast on Monday.

Israel's concerns over Iran's uranium enrichment program, the war in Iraq and Palestinian moves to form a unity government to replace a Hamas-led administration are likely to top the agenda of Olmert's talks with Bush.

Tehran's goal is to "ultimately wipe Israel off the map," Olmert said in the interview. "This is not an issue of Israel only. This is a moral issue of the whole world and the whole world has to join forces in order to stop it. This is a problem of every country. I know that President Bush is fully aware of that."

Olmert arrived in the U.S. with expectations that he could make small-scale moves on the Palestinian front, including the possibility of offering humanitarian aid to the Palestinian people.

The Prime Minister said Sunday that he did not believe Washington's strong backing for Israel would waver.

"Support for Israel traditionally has been bipartisan. I don't see anything changing in the next two years that can alter the balance of feeling towards us," Olmert told reporters accompanying him on the flight to Washington.

In preparation for his talks with Bush, Olmert had a working dinner Sunday night with U.S. Secretary of State Condoleezza Rice.

The Prime Minister also hinted for the first time Sunday at the possibility of Israeli military action against Iran to thwart its nuclear efforts.

In a conversation with press aboard his plane Sunday, Olmert said that "Iran will only agree to a compromise on the issue of its nuclear program if it has a reason to be afraid."

But he refused to elaborate on Israel's options regarding the issue.

However, in an interview published Sunday in Newsweek and the Washington Post, Olmert made his harshest statements so far about Iran.

In the interview, Olmert compared Iranian President Mahmoud Ahmadinejad to Adolf Hitler and said "he has to be stopped."

"My position is clear," the Prime Minister said regarding Iran. "If there can be a compromise that will stop Iran short of crossing the technological threshold that will lead them into

nuclear capabilities, we will be for such a compromise."

"But I don't believe that Iran will accept such compromise unless they have a very good reason to fear the consequences of not reaching it," explained Olmert. "In other words, Iran must start to fear."

When asked what he thought could be done about Iran, Olmert said, "I can think of many different measures. The guideline has to be that this government and the people of Iran must understand that if they do not accept the request of the international community, they're going to pay dearly."

Responding to the interview, Iran said it would react swiftly and harshly to such a move by Israel.

Iranian Foreign Ministry spokesman Mohammad Ali Hosseini told a news conference on Sunday that Iran would put into action its Revolutionary Guards if Israel attacked the Islamic Republic.

"If Israel takes such a stupid step and attacks, the answer of Iran and its Revolutionary Guard will be rapid, firm and destructive and it will be given in a few seconds," he said.

He also said the country was pressing ahead with plans to expand its program to enrich uranium, which the West and Israel accuse Iran of using to make nuclear warheads, despite Tehran's denials.

After the Washington leg of Olmert's trip, during which he will also meet with administration and congressional leaders, Olmert will head to Los Angeles to speak at the General Assembly (GA) of the United Jewish Communities.

emphasis added

The original source of this article is Haaretz Copyright © Aluf Benn, Haaretz, 2006

## **Comment on Global Research Articles on our Facebook page**

## **Become a Member of Global Research**

Articles by: Aluf Benn

**Disclaimer:** The contents of this article are of sole responsibility of the author(s). The Centre for Research on Globalization will not be responsible for any inaccurate or incorrect statement in this article. The Centre of Research on Globalization grants permission to cross-post Global Research articles on community internet sites as long the source and copyright are acknowledged together with a hyperlink to the original Global Research article. For publication of Global Research articles in print or other forms including commercial internet sites, contact: <a href="mailto:publications@globalresearch.ca">publications@globalresearch.ca</a>

www.globalresearch.ca contains copyrighted material the use of which has not always been specifically authorized by the copyright owner. We are making such material available to our readers under the provisions of "fair use" in an effort to advance a better understanding of political, economic and social issues. The material on this site is distributed without profit to those who have expressed a prior interest in receiving it for research and educational purposes. If you wish to use copyrighted

material for purposes other than "fair use" you must request permission from the copyright owner.

For media inquiries: <a href="mailto:publications@globalresearch.ca">publications@globalresearch.ca</a>