

# Obama's "Successful" Airstrike Strategy in Yemen and Somalia Resulted in Major Increase in Terrorist Attacks

By [Interventions Watch](#)

Global Research, September 11, 2014  
[Interventions Watch](#)

Region: [Middle East & North Africa](#), [sub-Saharan Africa](#)  
Theme: [US NATO War Agenda](#)

Photo: A Yemeni boy looking at a graffiti in Sana'a, Yemen, showing a U.S. drone with a question in red: "Why did you kill my family?". (Yahya Arhab/EPA)

On Wednesday 10th September, Barack Obama made a major [foreign policy speech](#), in which he set out how the U.S. and anyone who cares to tag along plan to 'degrade, and ultimately destroy, ISIL through a comprehensive and sustained counter-terrorism strategy'.

As was widely expected, Obama announced that as part of this 'strategy', the U.S. will not 'hesitate to take action against ISIL in Syria, as well as Iraq'. And by 'action' he means, of course, bombing.

He compared the newly announced 'strategy' for destroying ISIS in Iraq and Syria to the strategy that has been pursued by the U.S. in recent years in Somalia and Yemen, saying that:

This strategy of taking out terrorists who threaten us, while supporting partners on the front lines, is one that we have successfully pursued in Yemen and Somalia for years.

But I just want to take a quick look at how 'successful' that strategy has actually been.

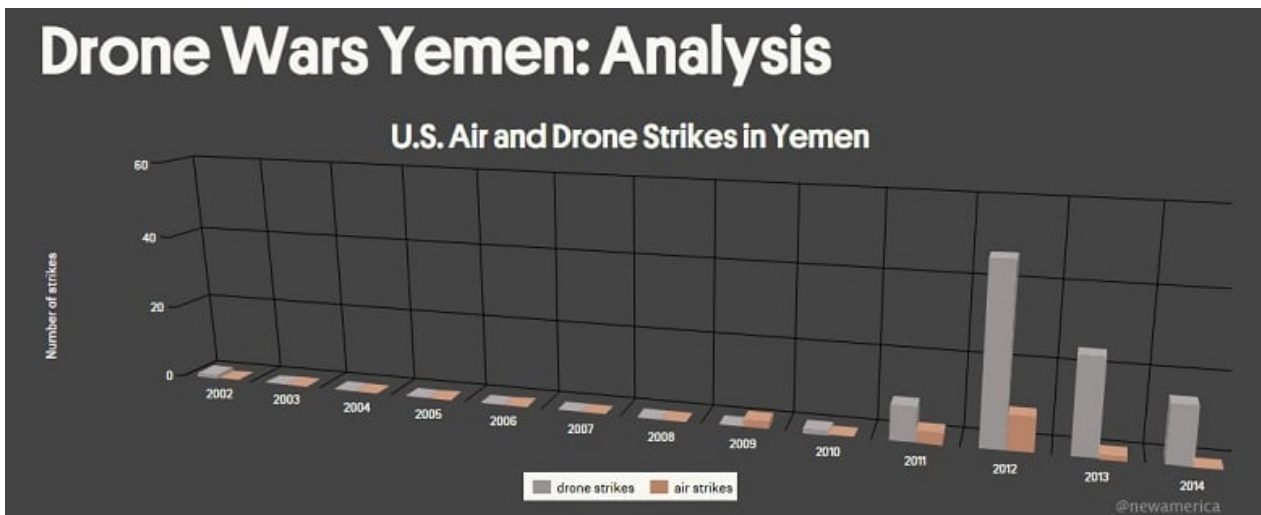
In Yemen

According to data collated by the New America Foundation, the first U.S. airstrike in Yemen was carried out in 2002.

However, there were no further strikes in 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007 and 2008. It is fair to say, then, that the air war over Yemen properly started in 2009, which was of course Obama's first full year in office.

Here's a graphical representation of those strikes from the New America Foundation:

# Drone Wars Yemen: Analysis

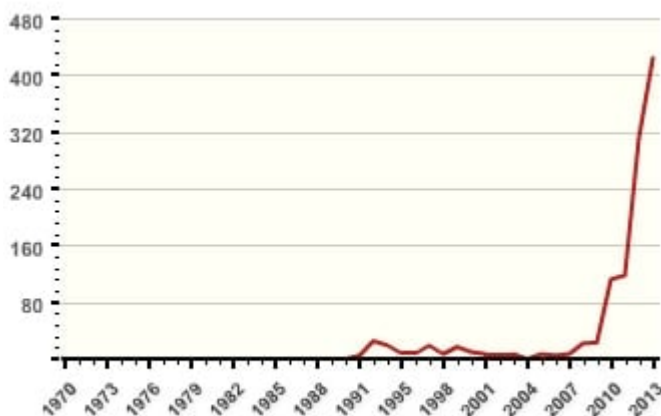


<http://securitydata.newamerica.net/drones/yemen/analysis>

Given that Obama has pointed to Yemen as an example of how air strikes and drone strikes can work to successfully combat 'terrorism', you might reasonably expect to see the number of terror attacks being carried out in Yemen steadily decreasing, year on year, between 2009 and 2014.

Well, that's not quite what's happened.

Here's another graph, from the Global Terrorism Database, showing the number of 'terror' attacks being committed in Yemen year on year:



<http://www.start.umd.edu/gtd/search/Results.aspx?country=228>

As you can see, from 2009 onwards – the year in which Obama escalated air strikes and drone strikes in Yemen – there has actually been a major increase in the number of 'terrorist' attacks being carried out within Yemen.

And while correlation doesn't necessarily imply causation, it simply is not tenable to say the 'strategy' being pursued by Obama in Yemen has been 'successful'. If anything, it seems to have been hugely counter-productive.

The air strikes and drone strikes themselves have also, of course, taken a [grim toll](#) on Yemeni civilians, and might justifiably be regarded as 'terrorism' in their own right.

## In Somalia

According to data collated by the Bureau of Investigative Journalism, there were 14-20 drone or air strikes carried out by the U.S. in Somalia between 2001-2014.

Here's a table representing those strikes, and the toll they have taken:

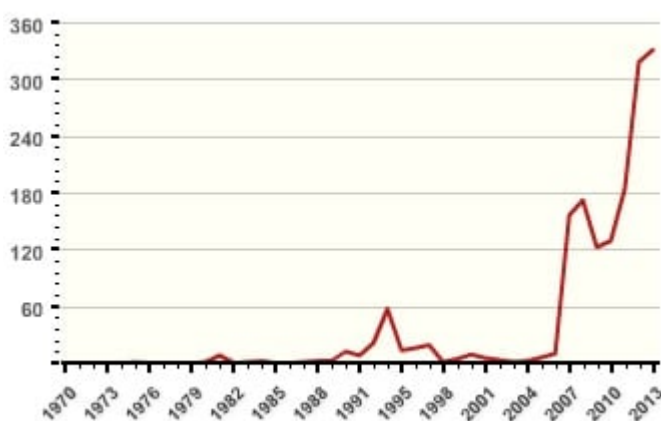
Covert US operations, Somalia 2001-2014		
	US drone strikes	Additional US attacks
Total reported strikes:	6-9	8-11
Total reported killed:	16-32	40-141
Civilians reported killed:	0-1	7-47
Children reported killed:	0	0-2
Total reported injured:	2-3	11-21

<http://www.thebureauinvestigates.com/2012/02/22/get-the-data-somalias-hidden-war/>

Given that Obama has also pointed to Somalia as an example of how air strikes and drone strikes can work to successfully combat 'terrorism', you might reasonably expect to see the number of terror attacks being carried out steadily decreasing, year on year, between 2001 and 2014.

But once again, that's not quite what's happened.

Here's another graph, again from the Global Terrorism Database, showing the number of 'terror' attacks being committed in Somalia year on year:



<http://www.start.umd.edu/gtd/search/Results.aspx?country=182>

So as in Yemen, there has also been a massive increase in the number of 'terrorist' attacks being carried out inside Somalia since the onset of the U.S. air strikes and drone strikes. It's another country in which you would be hard pressed to say that the 'strategy' being pursued by the U.S. is anything like 'successful'.

This hasn't gone unnoticed by what you might call the 'NatSec' community, even from individuals operating within the mainstream of it. A few tweets to demonstrate:

Obama compares what he will do in Syria to what he did in Somalia, Yemen. That's reasonable. Problem is neither is much of a success.

— Nicholas Kristof (@NickKristof) [September 11, 2014](#)

I might not have used Yemen and Somalia as bright shining examples of US counter-terrorism strategy.

— Steven A. Cook (@stevenacook) [September 11, 2014](#)

Obama promises to use in Iraq and Syria a strategy "that we have successfully pursued in Yemen and Somalia for years." Successfully?

— Josh Rogin (@joshrogin) [September 10, 2014](#)

## Conclusion

If the campaign in Iraq and Syria does develop along the same lines as the campaigns in Yemen and Somalia, then expect to see:

- A major increase in the number of 'terrorist' attacks being carried out within Iraq and Syria, with all that entails for the people of those countries.
- Civilians being killed, injured, displaced and immiserated directly by U.S. drone and air strikes.

I mean, it's almost as if the bombing of Yemen, Somalia, Iraq and Syria has *nothing to do with* combating 'terrorism' at all, and that this is just the pretext being used to drum up support among the American and wider global publics for the same old grubby resource Imperialism. Almost.

The original source of this article is [Interventions Watch](#)

Copyright © [Interventions Watch](#), [Interventions Watch](#), 2014

---

**[Comment on Global Research Articles on our Facebook page](#)**

**[Become a Member of Global Research](#)**

**Disclaimer:** The contents of this article are of sole responsibility of the author(s). The Centre for Research on Globalization will not be responsible for any inaccurate or incorrect statement in this article. The Centre of Research on Globalization grants permission to cross-post Global Research articles on community internet sites as long the source and copyright are acknowledged together with a hyperlink to the original Global Research article. For publication of Global Research articles in print or other forms including commercial internet sites, contact: [publications@globalresearch.ca](mailto:publications@globalresearch.ca)

[www.globalresearch.ca](http://www.globalresearch.ca) contains copyrighted material the use of which has not always been specifically authorized by the copyright owner. We are making such material available to our readers under the provisions of "fair use" in an effort to advance a better understanding of political, economic and social issues. The material on this site is distributed without profit to those who have expressed a prior interest in receiving it for research and educational purposes. If you wish to use copyrighted material for purposes other than "fair use" you must request permission from the copyright owner.

For media inquiries: [publications@globalresearch.ca](mailto:publications@globalresearch.ca)