

Monsanto's "Secret Formula": Dangerous Chemicals in Glyphosate Herbicide Slip Past EU Regulators Due to "Data Confidentiality"

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The only Europeans to ban glyphosate (the main active ingredient in Monsanto's herbicide roundUp) and its dangerous additions ([surfactants](#)) thus far are the [Dutch, with Brazil and France](#) to follow. Yet Germany, keeping their evidence of these toxic chemicals secret, pressures [EU regulators](#) to allow these unhealthy compounds to be sprayed liberally over the continent.

These surfactants, apparent in formulations called Rodeo, Accord, RoundUp, and RoundUp Pro, along with other glyphosate formulations, are extremely dangerous. Rodeo/RoundUp are aqueous solutions of the isopropyl amine salt of glyphosate and other chemical adjuvants.

The manufacturer [Monsanto, et. al.] recommends use of a nonionic surfactant with all applications to improve efficacy. Surfactant formulations that are used with Rodeo, aside from Monsanto's formulations, include:

- Agri-Dex (Setre Chemical Co.)
- LI 700 (Loveland Industries, Inc.)
- R-11 (Wilbur-Ellis Co.)
- Latron AG-98 (Rohm and Haas Co.)
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There has been a significant [lack of toxicology studies](#) on these chemical compounds, especially as a mixture, though glyphosate has likely been tested more than any other herbicide. One study; however found that:

"A major qualitative difference between the effect of glyphosate and glyphosate formulations on aquatic and terrestrial organisms concerns the surfactant used in Roundup. The surfactant is much more toxic than glyphosate to aquatic organisms. Unlike glyphosate, the surfactant is more toxic in alkaline water than in acidic water. Thus, the relative potency of the surfactant with respect to glyphosate is pH dependent. There is relatively little information regarding the toxicity of Roundup Pro to aquatic species. Nonetheless, the acute lethal potencies of Roundup and Roundup Pro are similar."

The herbicide glyphosate has been deemed 'safe.' but based on what?

Glyphosate Isn't So Safe

Pushing for glyphosate's use, Germany has [made a draft re-assessment report](#) on glyphosate. It concludes that:

'...the available data confirms the previous evaluation: Glyphosate does not show carcinogenic or mutagenic properties, has no toxic effect on fertility, reproduction or embryonal/fetal development in laboratory animals and is not considered to pose any risk to human health.'

But an investigation of their newly published report shows that [glyphosate is not safe at all](#), and important omissions were made.

Though farmers and gardeners using glyphosate have seen it as a cost-effective way to control weeds, with sales reaching \$5.46 billion in 2012 and expected to [reach \\$8.79 billion by 2019](#), it is also heavily sold in other countries. In fact, glyphosate is now one of the most widely used herbicides in the world.

The important distinction to make, however, is that it isn't glyphosate alone that is being sprayed on crops, though this has proven to be toxic in its own right. ([Acute toxicity levels](#) have been found in many places around the globe.) Additional chemicals (surfactants) are always added to glyphosate to make it 'effective.' The chemicals deemed 'active' in RoundUp formulations are tested, but its full formulations are not.

Most of us have or will ingest glyphosate in our lifetimes due to its prevalent use. It is so prevalent, in fact, that it is already being [found in our blood, urine, and even breast milk](#). It is now sprayed over 80% of all crops in the U.S., leaving residue on many foods we purchase and eat. It goes without saying that RoundUp is also sprayed heavily on GM crops meant to be RoundUp ready – like soy, corn, etc.

Many of the crops grown in North and South America and exported to the EU for animal feed are also doused in glyphosate and its surfactants.

Dangers of Just One Surfactant – Polyethoxylated Tallow Amine

One surfactant in particular is drawing heavy criticism. POEA (polyethoxylated tallow amine) is likely [very toxic to humans, animals and the environment](#). German authorities have taken their own protective action against this chemical, but the EU has failed to take any action whatsoever.

Martin Häusling, Member of the Greens / European Free Alliance Group says:

"Given the alarming results of independent studies, this is simply shocking. . Even though I have been criticising The European Food and Safety Authority for many years because of its conflict of interest with the agricultural industry, it would be wrong to blame them alone. The national authorities play a big role in this process."

Monsanto and Cheminova have tried dismissing the alarms sounding over POEA.

For over a decade, the German Federal Institute for Health Protection of Consumers and Veterinary Medicine (BgVV) has requested Member States in the European Union [not to accept](#) glyphosate products containing the surfactant based on high cytotoxicity of the compounds.

A 1999 report from Monsanto [was submitted when](#) glyphosate was up for re-approval by Germany:

“Accordingly, in the formulations for which toxicological data has been submitted as part of the joint dossier of Monsanto and Cheminova, surfactants of this type are not contained any more.”

No surprise, though – Agro-Chemical companies continue to manufacture and sell products containing POEA.

A spokesperson of Monsanto praised surfactants like POEA because *“the amount of active ingredient needed per treated area can be reduced.”*

He also stressed that *“the development of new products requires several years of research and development and review by competent public authorities and Europe has some of the highest standards in the world.”*

The high standards he speaks of are absent since there have been no independent studies on glyphosate and its surfactants since 1999 that claim it is ‘safe’. In fact, [a paper by J. M Brausch et al.](#) in 2007 *“found all POEA formulations to be extremely toxic”*.

When German regulatory bodies requested more information on POEA, biotech gave them nothing, so they [conducted their own studies](#) after a German forestry worker developed a lung condition, and found that the *“toxic inflammation of the lungs”* was significantly different from a bacterial infection.

Since then, the German Federal Institute for Risk Assessment and other German safety authorities published their draft re-assessment report (RAR) on glyphosate and the representative formulation, in the process re-assessing hundreds of studies and public domain literature (as mentioned earlier).

And the Germany Environmental Agency (UBA) has [included a chapter](#) called ‘Further toxicological data for other potential co-formulants’ about the surfactant POEA to make sure all Member States of the EU are informed that nearly all toxicological endpoints investigated are clearly more toxic than glyphosate alone.

By the end of this year, all formulations containing POEA will have been removed from the German market. So why exactly has Germany now changed from banning glyphosate to simply ‘restricting’ its use?

German authorities have declined to release; however the list of companies that had to replace POEA, and what surfactants are now used instead, claiming this information is ‘industry protected’.

I guess the rest of us are meant to swallow POEA, along with glyphosate, and just wait and see what happens. What a farce!

Even Monsanto admits in [one of their own patents](#):

“By exploiting a newly discovered synergistic interaction between two classes of surfactant applied together with the glyphosate, surprisingly enhanced herbicidal effectiveness is obtained by this method.”

The Monsanto formulations remain secret.

Due to ‘data confidentiality’ we are not allowed to know just how toxic these chemical combinations truly are. How can you *regulate* a pesticide/herbicide industry if the public and regulatory agencies don’t even know what is in the chemicals sprayed on our food?

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