

# High-Level NSA Official: the NSA Has Become “J. Edgar Hoover On Super Steroids”

Spying On – and Blackmailing – Politicians, Generals, Judges, Lawyers and Citizens

By [Washington's Blog](#)

Global Research, July 10, 2014

[Washington's Blog](#)

Region: [USA](#)

Theme: [Intelligence](#), [Police State & Civil Rights](#)

The [newly-published](#) revelations from Edward Snowden show that the NSA and FBI spied on an [American citizen running for political office](#):

The NSA also surveilled a U.S. citizen while he ran for political office:

<https://t.co/UzFya8ltmjpic.twitter.com/3jZdsYxQRG>



The Washington Post's [report](#) last week also shows that the NSA also collected information on President Obama, both as president-elect and as president:

A “minimized U.S. president-elect” begins to appear in the files in early 2009, and references to the current “minimized U.S. president” appear 1,227 times in the following four years.

While the particular NSA reports discussed by the Washington Post don't specifically mention Obama by name, the Post notes:

[These minimization attempts] border on the absurd, using titles that could apply to only one man.

Of course, the NSA has [pretty much admitted](#) to spying on Congress. And [see this](#).

And even the raw data on American citizens collected by the NSA is [shared with Israel](#). This [likely](#) includes [Congress members and other politicians](#), as well.

But these new reports add some weight to the allegations of high-level NSA whistleblower Bill Binney, who [told](#) Washington's Blog that NSA surveillance allows the government to target:

- “[CIA head] General Petraeus and General Allen and others like [New York State Attorney General] Elliot Spitzer”

- “Supreme Court Judges, other judges, Senators, Representatives, law firms and lawyers, and just anybody you don’t like ... reporters included”

Binney also told us on Monday:

Bulk collection of everything gives law enforcement all the data they need on every citizen in the country. And, it gives NSA all that info on everyone too. Makes them akin to a J. Edgar Hoover on super steroids.

FBI head Hoover was famous for blackmailing everyone ... including politicians. The New York Times [reports](#):

J. Edgar Hoover compiled secret dossiers on the sexual peccadillos and private misbehavior of those he labeled as enemies — really dangerous people like ... President John F. Kennedy, for example.

Alfred McCoy – Professor of history at the University of Wisconsin-Madison – [provides details](#):

Upon taking office on Roosevelt’s death in early 1945, Harry Truman soon learned the extraordinary extent of FBI surveillance. “We want no Gestapo or Secret Police,” Truman [wrote](#) in his diary that May. “FBI is tending in that direction. They are dabbling in sex-life scandals and plain blackmail.”

After a quarter of a century of warrantless wiretaps, Hoover built up a veritable archive of sexual preferences among America’s powerful and used it to shape the direction of U.S. politics. He [distributed](#) a dossier on Democratic presidential candidate Adlai Stevenson’s alleged homosexuality to assure his defeat in the 1952 presidential elections, [circulated](#) audio tapes of Martin Luther King, Jr.’s philandering, and [monitored](#) President Kennedy’s affair with mafia mistress Judith Exner. And these are just a small sampling of Hoover’s uses of scandal to keep the Washington power elite under his influence.

“The moment [Hoover] would get something on a senator,” [recalled](#) William Sullivan, the FBI’s chief of domestic intelligence during the 1960s, “he’d send one of the errand boys up and advise the senator that ‘we’re in the course of an investigation, and we by chance happened to come up with this data on your daughter...’ From that time on, the senator’s right in his pocket.” After his death, an [official tally](#) found Hoover had 883 such files on senators and 722 more on congressmen.

\*\*\*

With a few hundred cable probes and computerized decryption, the NSA can now capture the kind of gritty details of private life that J. Edgar Hoover so treasured and provide the sort of comprehensive coverage of populations once epitomized by secret police like East Germany’s Stasi. And yet, such comparisons only go so far.

After all, once FBI agents had tapped thousands of phones, stenographers had typed up countless transcripts, and clerks had stored this salacious paper harvest in floor-to-ceiling filing cabinets, J. Edgar Hoover still only knew about the inner-workings of the elite in one city: Washington, D.C. To gain the same intimate detail for an entire country, the Stasi had to [employ](#) one police informer for every six East Germans — an unsustainable allocation of human

resources. By contrast, the marriage of the NSA's technology to the Internet's data hubs now allows the agency's [37,000](#) employees a similarly close coverage of the entire globe with just one operative for every 200,000 people on the planet.

\*\*\*

In the Obama years, the first signs have appeared that NSA surveillance will use the information gathered to traffic in scandal, much as Hoover's FBI once did. In September 2013, the New York Times [reported](#) that the NSA has, since 2010, applied sophisticated software to create "social network diagrams..., unlock as many secrets about individuals as possible..., and pick up sensitive information likeregular calls to a psychiatrist's office, late-night messages to an extramarital partner."

\*\*\*

By collecting knowledge — routine, intimate, or scandalous — about foreign leaders, imperial proconsuls from ancient Rome to modern America have gained both the intelligence and aura of authority necessary for dominion over alien societies. The importance, and challenge, of controlling these local elites cannot be overstated. During its pacification of the Philippines after 1898, for instance, the U.S. colonial regime subdued contentious Filipino leaders via [pervasive policing](#) that swept up both political intelligence and personal scandal. And that, of course, was just what J. Edgar Hoover was doing in Washington during the 1950s and 1960s.

\*\*\*

[According to](#) James Bamford, author of two authoritative books on the agency, "The NSA's operation is eerily similar to the FBI's operations under J. Edgar Hoover in the 1960s where the bureau used wiretapping to discover vulnerabilities, such as sexual activity, to 'neutralize' their targets."

The ACLU's Jameel Jaffer has [warned](#) that a president might "ask the NSA to use the fruits of surveillance to discredit a political opponent, journalist, or human rights activist. The NSA has used its power that way in the past and it would be naïve to think it couldn't use its power that way in the future." Even President Obama's recently convened executive review of the NSA [admitted](#): "[I]n light of the lessons of our own history... at some point in the future, high-level government officials will decide that this massive database of extraordinarily sensitive private information is there for the plucking."

Indeed, whistleblower Edward Snowden has accused the NSA of actually conducting such surveillance. In a December 2013 letter to the Brazilian people, he [wrote](#), "They even keep track of who is having an affair or looking at pornography, in case they need to damage their target's reputation." If Snowden is right, then one key goal of NSA surveillance of world leaders is not U.S. national security but political blackmail— as it has been since 1898.

Postscript: NSA whistleblower [Russell Tice](#) (a [key source](#) in the 2005 New York Times [report](#) that blew the lid off the Bush administration's use of warrantless wiretapping), also [says](#):

- The NSA is [spying on](#) and [blackmailing](#) its overseers in Washington, as well as Supreme Court judges, generals and others
- The agency started spying on Barack Obama when he was just a candidate for

The original source of this article is [Washington's Blog](#)  
Copyright © [Washington's Blog](#), [Washington's Blog](#), 2014

---

**[Comment on Global Research Articles on our Facebook page](#)**

**[Become a Member of Global Research](#)**

Articles by: [Washington's Blog](#)

**Disclaimer:** The contents of this article are of sole responsibility of the author(s). The Centre for Research on Globalization will not be responsible for any inaccurate or incorrect statement in this article. The Centre of Research on Globalization grants permission to cross-post Global Research articles on community internet sites as long the source and copyright are acknowledged together with a hyperlink to the original Global Research article. For publication of Global Research articles in print or other forms including commercial internet sites, contact: [publications@globalresearch.ca](mailto:publications@globalresearch.ca)

[www.globalresearch.ca](http://www.globalresearch.ca) contains copyrighted material the use of which has not always been specifically authorized by the copyright owner. We are making such material available to our readers under the provisions of "fair use" in an effort to advance a better understanding of political, economic and social issues. The material on this site is distributed without profit to those who have expressed a prior interest in receiving it for research and educational purposes. If you wish to use copyrighted material for purposes other than "fair use" you must request permission from the copyright owner.

For media inquiries: [publications@globalresearch.ca](mailto:publications@globalresearch.ca)