

Escalation? Iranian Missiles Strike Two US Military Bases in Iraq, "Slap in the Face" to the US, according to Tehran

By Stephen Lendman

Global Research, January 08, 2020

Region: <u>Middle East & North Africa</u>, <u>USA</u> Theme: <u>Militarization and WMD</u>, <u>US NATO</u>

War Agenda

The Trump regime's assassination of Iranian General Soleimani, Iraqi deputy PMU commander Muhandis, and others with them was a flagrant UN Charter breach — an act of war against both countries.

International law affirms the right of self-defense in response to a preemptive attack on a nation's territory, including under Article 51 of the UN Charter.

It prohibits one nation from attacking another except in self-defense, stating:

"Nothing in the present Charter shall impair the inherent right of individual or collective self-defense if an armed attack occurs against a Member of the United Nations, until the Security Council has taken measures necessary to maintain international peace and security."

US preemptive strikes on Iraqi territory against Kata'ib Hezbollah on December 29, followed days later on January 3 by killing Soleimani and Muhandis, was naked aggression by any standard — potentially opening the gates of hell for greater regional war than already.

Aggression by one country against another is the highest of high crimes, all others paling in comparison.

UN General Assembly Res. 3314 calls aggression the "most serious and dangerous form of the illegal use of force."

It defined aggression as "the (unjustifiable) use of armed force by a State against the sovereignty, territorial integrity or political independence of another State, or in any other manner inconsistent with the Charter of the United Nations."

The Nuremberg Tribunal called aggression the supreme international crime against peace.

In response to the Trump regime's assassination of General Soleimani, Iran promised a strong response.

Pre-dawn Wednesday it came. Iranian missiles struck two US military bases in Iraq, Ayatollah Ali Khamenei calling retaliation a "slap in the face" to the US.

Foreign Minister Zarif tweeted the following:

"Iran took & concluded proportionate measures in self-defense under Article 51 of UN Charter targeting base from which cowardly armed attack against our citizens & senior officials were launched."

"We do not seek escalation or war, but will defend ourselves against any aggression."

According to Iranian media, about 35 missiles were launched by the IGRC at US bases in Ayn al-Asad and Erbil, along with rockets fired on US targets in Iraq.

Tehran called the operation "Martyr Soleimani," intended as "hard revenge" for his assassination by imperial USA, an aggressor state.

Retaliation came after Khamenei warned that "harsh vengeance awaits the (US) criminals."

No official word of casualties or damage on US bases so far was reported. Reuters cited "Iranian state television," saying at least 80 "American terrorists" were killed, Pentagon helicopters and military equipment "severely damaged."

Iran's IRGC reportedly said 100 other US targets are on its target list to attack if further Trump regime aggression is forthcoming.

An IRGC statement said further US aggression against Iran will incur "more painful and crushing responses," including against Israel.

Iranian General Mohammad Hossein Baqeri said henceforth, "any new evil act by the US will face a stronger and more crushing response with a broader range," adding:

"The time has come for the evil authorities of the United States to realize the Islamic Republic of Iran's capabilities in a greater extent of global geography, adopt a principled approach, and pull the forces of their terrorist army out of the region as soon as possible."

By letter to UN Secretary General Guterres, Iranian envoy to the world body Majid Takht Ravanchi said "in conformity with international law and in exercising its inherent right to self-defense, Iran will take all necessary and proportionate measures against any threat or use of force," citing UN Charter Article 51.

Read his full letter through this link:

https://www.tasnimnews.com/en/news/2020/01/08/2177523/iran-reserves-right-to-self-defense-against-us-envoy-tells-un-chief

Following Iran's retaliation against US aggression, Ayatollah Khamenei said the following on national television:

"(O)ur revenge...was carried out last night...What is important in addition to retaliation is that military operations do not suffice," adding:

"It is important to end the US corrupting presence in the region."

"Americans are insisting on bringing corruption and destruction into our dear Iran."

"Talks of sitting down at the negotiating table is a preface to interventions, which must end."

"Regional nations do not accept the US presence and its meddling measures."

Here's where things now stand. Iran retaliated strongly to Trump regime aggression.

He and hardliners surrounding him have a choice — either back off from greater conflict or strike again and risk the mother of all regional wars against a nation able to hit back hard against US facilities and its allies, notably Israel and the Saudis.

The following IRGC statement should be taken seriously, stating:

"We are warning all US allies who gave their bases to its terrorist army that any territory that in any way becomes the starting point of hostile and aggressive acts against the Islamic Republic of Iran will be targeted."

Iran designated the Pentagon a terrorist organization. Henceforth it'll likely be treated as one in response to further US aggression against the Islamic Republic if launched.

On Press TV Tuesday in response to the question of whether Soleimani's assassination was the beginning of the end of the US presence in the Middle East, I cited Winston Churchill's November 1942 remark during WW II after a victory by allied forces against the Nazis at El Alamein, Egypt.

Here's the quote I paraphrased, saying:

"Now this is not the end. It is not even the beginning of the end. But it is, perhaps, the end of the beginning."

*

Note to readers: please click the share buttons below. Forward this article to your email lists. Crosspost on your blog site, internet forums. etc.

Award-winning author Stephen Lendman lives in Chicago. He can be reached at <u>lendmanstephen@sbcglobal.net</u>. He is a Research Associate of the Centre for Research on Globalization (CRG)

His new book as editor and contributor is titled "Flashpoint in Ukraine: US Drive for Hegemony Risks WW III."

http://www.claritypress.com/LendmanIII.html

Visit his blog site at <u>silendman.blogspot.com</u>.

The original source of this article is Global Research Copyright © <u>Stephen Lendman</u>, Global Research, 2020

Become a Member of Global Research

Articles by: Stephen Lendman

About the author:

Stephen Lendman lives in Chicago. He can be reached at lendmanstephen@sbcglobal.net. His new book as editor and contributor is titled "Flashpoint in Ukraine: US Drive for Hegemony Risks WW III." http://www.claritypress.com/LendmanIII.html Visit his blog site at sjlendman.blogspot.com. Listen to cuttingedge discussions with distinguished guests on the Progressive Radio News Hour on the Progressive Radio Network. It airs three times weekly: live on Sundays at 1PM Central time plus two prerecorded archived programs.

Disclaimer: The contents of this article are of sole responsibility of the author(s). The Centre for Research on Globalization will not be responsible for any inaccurate or incorrect statement in this article. The Centre of Research on Globalization grants permission to cross-post Global Research articles on community internet sites as long the source and copyright are acknowledged together with a hyperlink to the original Global Research article. For publication of Global Research articles in print or other forms including commercial internet sites, contact: publications@globalresearch.ca

www.globalresearch.ca contains copyrighted material the use of which has not always been specifically authorized by the copyright owner. We are making such material available to our readers under the provisions of "fair use" in an effort to advance a better understanding of political, economic and social issues. The material on this site is distributed without profit to those who have expressed a prior interest in receiving it for research and educational purposes. If you wish to use copyrighted material for purposes other than "fair use" you must request permission from the copyright owner.

For media inquiries: publications@globalresearch.ca