

# Court Again Blocks COVID Vaccine Mandate for Federal Workers

By [Dr. Suzanne Burdick](#)

Global Research, June 29, 2022

[Children's Health Defense](#) 28 June 2022

Region: [USA](#)

Theme: [Law and Justice](#)

All Global Research articles can be read in 51 languages by activating the “Translate Website” drop down menu on the top banner of our home page (Desktop version).

To receive Global Research’s Daily Newsletter (selected articles), [click here](#).

Visit and follow us on [Instagram](#), [Twitter](#) and [Facebook](#). Feel free to repost and share widely Global Research articles.

\*\*\*

*The Biden administration’s COVID-19 vaccine mandate for federal employees will remain blocked until at least September after a federal appeals court on Monday agreed to reconsider its previous decision to reinstate the mandate.*

The Biden administration’s [COVID-19](#) vaccine mandate for federal employees will remain blocked until at least September after a federal appeals court on Monday [agreed to reconsider](#) its previous decision to [reinstate the mandate](#).

The 5th U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals in New Orleans will revisit its [April ruling](#) by a three-judge panel that the administration has the legal authority to require federal employees to get vaccinated against COVID-19, [The Associated Press reported](#).

The new injunction will remain until the case can be argued before the full court’s 17 judges. [According to The Epoch Times](#), the court has tentatively scheduled the [en banc oral arguments](#) for the week of Sept. 12.

## Back-and-forth rulings on federal worker vaccine mandate since January

Biden introduced [Executive Order 14043](#) in September 2021, requiring more than 3.5 million federal executive branch workers to undergo vaccination unless they secured [approved medical or religious exemptions](#). The order did not allow workers to choose regular testing in place of getting the vaccine.

In December 2021, [Feds for Medical Freedom](#) — a grassroots organization with about 6,000 members throughout the federal civil service — [sued the Biden administration](#) and several federal agencies.

Other parties to the lawsuit included the [American Federation of Government Employees](#) (AFGE) [Local 918](#), a union representing employees in the Federal Protective Service and the

Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency, and several other individuals and federal contractors.

The groups [sought](#) to block two COVID-19 vaccine mandates: one covering federal employees and the other for federal contractors.

Lawyers representing the Biden administration argued the Constitution gives the president, as the head of the federal workforce, the same authority as the CEO of a private corporation, and that therefore mandating vaccination was under the president's authority.

The plaintiffs disagreed, countering that such action oversteps a president's powers.

"The main thrust of the argument [of the plaintiffs]," attorney [Bruce Castor Jr.](#) [told The Epoch Times](#) in February, "is that the president doesn't have the authority to issue an order like this, pursuant to the powers granted him in [Article Two](#) of the United States Constitution, and that's the same argument that won the day in the Supreme Court regarding the 100 or more employees; the president doesn't have that authority."

Castor, a lawyer with the law firm [van der Veen, Hartshorn & Levin](#), which represented the AFGE union, added:

"Instead of going through the checks and balances of congressional approval, which includes feedback from the public, the executive order cuts all that out. It just says, 'My way or the highway.'

"Certainly, the Constitution grants powers like that to the president in foreign affairs and protecting the nation from aggression from foreign powers. But he doesn't have the authority, with a sweep of the pen, to affect the lives of millions of people, bypassing Congress."

In January, U.S. District Judge Jeffrey Brown blocked the mandate, stating in his [20-page ruling](#) that the president and his administration did not have the authority to impose such a mandate.

Brown questioned the president's power to mandate federal employees undergo a medical procedure as a condition of their employment, [writing](#) in his decision:

"This case is not about whether folks should get vaccinated against COVID-19 — the court believes they should. It is not even about the federal government's power, exercised properly, to mandate vaccination of its employees.

"It is instead about whether the president can, with the stroke of a pen and without the input of Congress, require millions of federal employees to undergo a medical procedure as a condition of their employment.

"That, under the current state of the law as just recently expressed by the Supreme Court, is a bridge too far."

In February, a 5th Circuit panel of judges [refused to block Brown's ruling](#) pending appeal.

But after hearing arguments in March, a different panel of judges [ruled 2-1](#) in early April that Brown did not have jurisdiction in the case, [overturning](#) the lower court's Jan. 21 [injunction](#)

against the mandate and ordering the district court to dismiss the case.

Meanwhile, Biden's vaccine mandate continues to draw fire from health freedom groups who alleged federal overreach. Four groups — including [America's Frontline Doctors](#) and [Airline Employees for Health Freedom](#) — filed amicus briefs in June supporting the Feds for Medical Freedoms in the case, [Law 360 said](#).

\*

Note to readers: Please click the share buttons above or below. Follow us on Instagram, Twitter and Facebook. Feel free to repost and share widely Global Research articles.

*Suzanne Burdick, Ph.D., is an independent journalist and researcher based in Fairfield, Iowa.*

*Featured image is from CHD*

The original source of this article is [Children's Health Defense](#)  
Copyright © [Dr. Suzanne Burdick](#), [Children's Health Defense](#), 2022

---

**[Comment on Global Research Articles on our Facebook page](#)**

**[Become a Member of Global Research](#)**

Articles by: [Dr. Suzanne Burdick](#)

**Disclaimer:** The contents of this article are of sole responsibility of the author(s). The Centre for Research on Globalization will not be responsible for any inaccurate or incorrect statement in this article. The Centre of Research on Globalization grants permission to cross-post Global Research articles on community internet sites as long the source and copyright are acknowledged together with a hyperlink to the original Global Research article. For publication of Global Research articles in print or other forms including commercial internet sites, contact: [publications@globalresearch.ca](mailto:publications@globalresearch.ca)  
[www.globalresearch.ca](http://www.globalresearch.ca) contains copyrighted material the use of which has not always been specifically authorized by the copyright owner. We are making such material available to our readers under the provisions of "fair use" in an effort to advance a better understanding of political, economic and social issues. The material on this site is distributed without profit to those who have expressed a prior interest in receiving it for research and educational purposes. If you wish to use copyrighted material for purposes other than "fair use" you must request permission from the copyright owner.

For media inquiries: [publications@globalresearch.ca](mailto:publications@globalresearch.ca)