

Convicted US Spy, Sentenced in Moscow on Charges of Espionage

By [Stephen Lendman](#)

Global Research, June 16, 2020

Region: [Russia and FSU](#), [USA](#)

Theme: [Intelligence](#), [Law and Justice](#)

On Monday, a Moscow court sentenced US spy Paul Whelan to 16 years imprisonment.

Charged with espionage, he was caught red-handed in December 2018 and arrested after accepting a flash drive with sensitive information from an undercover Russian Federal Security Service (FSB) official.

Former US marine Whelan holds citizenship in four countries — Britain, Ireland, Canada and the US.

He was a BorgWarner security chief for its Michigan-based auto components company.

Russia's FSB accused him of spying on the country, his main reason for being there.

On May 14, Moscow's First Court of Appeals dismissed his complaint, claiming the case against him was fabricated.

A criminal case against him was opened under Article 276 of Russia's Criminal Code. He faced potential imprisonment of up to 20 years.

Russian prosecutors sought an 18-year sentence. The Moscow court ordered him imprisoned for 16 years.

Former FSB official Jan Neumann, now living in the US, said the agency "never busts anyone on espionage charges if there's no espionage case, especially not foreign citizens," adding:

Whelan's arrest means FSB operatives "followed (him) and saw every step of the way and had enough evidence."

"Each espionage case is a very high-profile investigation. Every step is under control of top-level officials, and everyone is very sensitive about every detail and aspect of such an operation."

As for the timing of Whelan's arrest, the FSB "wait(ed) for a perfect moment...something an alleged spy can't deny."

A BorgWarner statement said he "oversee(s) security at our facilities in Auburn Hills, Michigan and at other company locations around the world."

Company spokeswoman Kathy Graham said BW has no facilities in Russia, so Whelan's trip to the country and earlier ones had nothing to do with his employer.

In 2019, Vladimir Putin said Russian security services discovered and shut down espionage by 53 Russian nationals and 386 foreign agents in 2016," perhaps similar numbers in other years.

Putin stressed that arrests aren't made "to exchange them for someone else later on."

Ignoring wrongfully imprisoned and harshly mistreated Russian political prisoners in the US, Pompeo demanded Whelan's immediate release earlier, again following his 16-year sentence.

On Monday, Pompeo accused Russia of trying him in secret "with secret evidence, and without appropriate allowances for defense witnesses (sic)," adding:

"(D)uring his detention...his life (was) at risk by ignoring his long-standing medical condition and ke(eping) him isolated from family and friends (sic)."

Last year, Russian Foreign Ministry spokeswoman Maria Zakharova said Moscow offered to arrange for representatives of nations he has citizenship in to visit him if he wishes, adding:

"(O)nly representatives from the United States have visited (him) upon a request. The US side has not contacted the Russian side on that matter any more."

"Other countries (he) has been confirmed to be a citizen of have asked for a permission to visit him."

"If (he) says that he has no objections against such visits, that he needs them, that he wants them, they will be organized when convenient for all the sides."

Sputnik International reported that Whelan visited Russia "regularly since 2007...(a)ccording to information provided to the Russian court."

Zakharova noted that his "spying activities have been properly documented, and, remarkably, (they've) never been refuted by US officials during our working contacts."

Unlike Russian political prisoners in the US, Whelan has been properly treated according to international law, including medical care when needed.

Trump regime envoy to Russia John Sullivan, formerly its deputy secretary of state, warned that Whelan's arrest, conviction and sentencing will affect bilateral relations.

They can't get much worse than already short of preemptive US war on its heartland and/or other targets.

On the issue of a possible prisoner exchange, Russian Deputy Foreign Minister Sergey Ryabkov said "we have offered options many times."

"We have said which US citizens serving a sentence in the Russian Federation could be exchanged for Russian citizens" unjustly behind bars in the US and mistreated as political prisoners.



Maria Butina (image on the right) was the most recent example. In July 2018, she was arrested and falsely charged with acting as a Russian foreign agent.

She was a student in the US unconnected to Russia's government, no evidence suggesting otherwise, accusations against her fabricated.

Russia's Foreign Ministry slammed what it called a US campaign to "stoke Russophobic hysteria."

During detention from July 2018 - October 2019, she endured brutalizing physical and emotional mistreatment, amounting to torture.

Under a plea bargain deal despite guilty of no wrongdoing, she was released and allowed to return to Russia.

Home and safe, she was able to speak freely about her ordeal for the first time. Other Russian nationals mistreated in similar ways were and remain less fortunate.

Imprisoned by the Obama regime, Russian national Konstantin Yaroshenko remains incarcerated on false charges.

A commercial pilot and businessman, he endured "extreme government misconduct," he said, including "torture, brutal and inhumane treatment in detention."

Russian national Viktor Bout was and remains victimized like Yaroshenko, arrested and imprisoned on false charges.

Unjustly called a "merchant of death," he ran a legitimate air cargo business. Yet he's wrongfully imprisoned and mistreated, including by denial of proper medical care.

Russia's embassy in Washington complained about the "endemic" mistreatment of Russian nationals in US prisons - for political reasons, for the "crime" of being a national of country America considers an adversary.

Moscow should demand release of them all in return for convicted spy Whelan and perhaps other legitimate US criminals in Russian prisons.

A Final Comment

Sergey Lavrov stressed that Whelan was caught "red-handed."

His arrest, prosecution, conviction, and imprisonment had nothing to do with swapping him

for Russian nationals behind bars in the US.

Claims otherwise are “completely untrue,” Lavrov stressed.

“We never do things like that. I’ll say it again. He was caught red-handed.”

Unlike harshly treated Russian political prisoners in the US, Whelan and other foreign nationals incarcerated in Russia are treated fairly.

In response to UK officials expressing concern about Whelan’s well-being, Lavrov said no consular requests to see him were received.

He recalled multiple denied requests by Moscow to visit Russian nationals Sergey and Yulia Skripal in Britain, adding:

If its foreign office or consular officials ask to meet with Whelan, Russia “will act in accordance the obligations enshrined in the Convention (on Consular Relations) and diplomatic courtesy.”

Russia will fulfill its obligations in dealings with all other countries — polar opposite how the US, Britain, and their imperial allies operate.

*

Note to readers: please click the share buttons below. Forward this article to your email lists. Crosspost on your blog site, internet forums. etc.

Award-winning author Stephen Lendman lives in Chicago. He can be reached at lendmanstephen@sbcglobal.net. He is a Research Associate of the Centre for Research on Globalization (CRG)

His new book as editor and contributor is titled “Flashpoint in Ukraine: US Drive for Hegemony Risks WW III.”

<http://www.claritypress.com/LendmanIII.html>

Visit his blog site at sjlendman.blogspot.com.

Featured image is from Wikimedia Commons

The original source of this article is Global Research
Copyright © [Stephen Lendman](#), Global Research, 2020

[Comment on Global Research Articles on our Facebook page](#)

[Become a Member of Global Research](#)

Articles by: [Stephen Lendman](#)

About the author:

Stephen Lendman lives in Chicago. He can be reached at lendmanstephen@sbcglobal.net. His new book as editor and contributor is titled "Flashpoint in Ukraine: US Drive for Hegemony Risks WW III."

<http://www.claritypress.com/LendmanIII.html> Visit his blog site at sjlendman.blogspot.com. Listen to cutting-edge discussions with distinguished guests on the Progressive Radio News Hour on the Progressive Radio Network. It airs three times weekly: live on Sundays at 1PM Central time plus two prerecorded archived programs.

Disclaimer: The contents of this article are of sole responsibility of the author(s). The Centre for Research on Globalization will not be responsible for any inaccurate or incorrect statement in this article. The Centre of Research on Globalization grants permission to cross-post Global Research articles on community internet sites as long the source and copyright are acknowledged together with a hyperlink to the original Global Research article. For publication of Global Research articles in print or other forms including commercial internet sites, contact: publications@globalresearch.ca

www.globalresearch.ca contains copyrighted material the use of which has not always been specifically authorized by the copyright owner. We are making such material available to our readers under the provisions of "fair use" in an effort to advance a better understanding of political, economic and social issues. The material on this site is distributed without profit to those who have expressed a prior interest in receiving it for research and educational purposes. If you wish to use copyrighted material for purposes other than "fair use" you must request permission from the copyright owner.

For media inquiries: publications@globalresearch.ca