

# Climate Emergency: Records Tumble as 2 Million Acres of California Burn

By [Andy Rowell](#)

Global Research, September 11, 2020

[Oil Change International](#) 8 September 2020

Region: [USA](#)

Theme: [Environment](#)

In-depth Report: [Climate Change](#)

*The signs are ominous as yet another climate record is broken. California is once again burning. From near the southern Mexico border, to San Diego and the forests of the Sierra Nevada, over two million acres of the Golden state were on fire yesterday.*

As the state sweltered in record temperatures, the temperature peaked at 121 degrees over the weekend, with firefighters tackling dozens of blazes and the situation still extremely volatile.

Communities across the state are facing power blackouts and internet problems. Last night, Pacific Gas & Electric cut off electricity to parts of the North Bay area as the winds picked up. As I write, an estimated 120,000 PG&E customers are currently without power.

These are the effects of climate change. The amount of land already on fire is another grim record, and the fact it comes now, when late September and October are traditionally peak fire season, raises real cause for concern. The previous record was set decades ago in 1987 at 1.96 million acres.

Yesterday, the [California Department](#) of Forestry and Fire Protection spokesperson, Lynne Tolmachoff said,

“It’s a little unnerving because September and October are historically our worst months for fires. It’s usually hot, and the fuels really dry out. And we see more of our wind events.”

The authorities are already stretched. Yesterday, the [U.S. Forest Service](#) issued a press release warning that “most of California remains under the threat of unprecedented and dangerous fire conditions with a combination of extreme heat, significant wind events, dry conditions, and firefighting resources that are stretched to the limit.”

One of the largest fires is the Creek Fire, in the Sierra National Forest, which has burned over 100 square miles of forest, with some 850 firefighters trying to tackle the blaze.

As the [LA Times](#) reports, “the Creek fire burning in the Sierra Nevada is the worst, trapping hikers, killing at least one person and destroying a large swath of the town of Big Creek.”

One local resident, Debra Rios, told the *Guardian*,

“I hope like heck the fire doesn’t reach my little ranch...It’s not looking good right now. It’s an awfully big fire.”

Another resident of the remote hamlet of [Big Creek](#), told the paper,

“about half the private homes in town burned down. Words cannot even begin to describe the devastation of this community.”

“We lost our home,” Nettie Carroll, 40, another local resident, who had lived there for sixteen years, told the [New York Times](#). “It looks like everything is completely gone.”

They are not alone. States of emergency have now been issued in five Californian counties, according to the [BBC](#), which include Fresno County, Madera, Mariposa, San Bernardino and San Diego.

And the bad news is that it could get much worse in the coming days, reports the [LA Times](#). According to the paper, “California’s record-breaking fire season could get much worse in the coming days as powerful winds heighten the danger of more blazes while firefighters continue to struggle with destructive conflagrations across the state.”

The paper continued “Intense Diablo winds are forecast for parts of Northern California this week...Forecasters said 25-35mph winds were expected, with gusts topping 45mph.”

And California is not the only state burning. There are also fires burning in Oregon and [Washington State](#), where some 300,000 acres of land have burnt.

On Twitter, people pointed out that this is climate change in action. Bill McKibben, the founder of 350.org tweeted:

California has already set a new record for wildfire this year—and Sept and Oct are usually the worst months  
This is what a climate crisis looks like <https://t.co/pkAJZjGkW9>

— Bill McKibben (@billmckibben) [September 8, 2020](#)

Climate Nexus added:

Scientists have linked California's increasingly intense wildfire seasons to climate change. A paper this year found that higher-than-average temps are likely to remain high for longer, possibly extending CA wildfire season to Thanksgiving. <https://t.co/s0kympqHkX> via [@NBCNews](#)

— Climate Nexus (@ClimateNexus) [September 8, 2020](#)

Just hours ago, a [joint op-ed](#) written by Vanessa Warheit and Laura Neish, respectively the Executive Director of 350 Bay Area and former Executive Director of Fossil Free California, highlights the financial institutions fueling these wildfires, as some of the largest banks have

continued to finance fossil fuel extraction in California and across the globe — investing in over USD \$700 billion to the fossil fuel industry since the adaptation of the Paris Climate Agreement.

\*

Note to readers: please click the share buttons above or below. Forward this article to your email lists. Crosspost on your blog site, internet forums. etc.

The original source of this article is [Oil Change International](#)  
Copyright © [Andy Rowell](#), [Oil Change International](#), 2020

---

[Comment on Global Research Articles on our Facebook page](#)

[Become a Member of Global Research](#)

Articles by: [Andy Rowell](#)

**Disclaimer:** The contents of this article are of sole responsibility of the author(s). The Centre for Research on Globalization will not be responsible for any inaccurate or incorrect statement in this article. The Centre of Research on Globalization grants permission to cross-post Global Research articles on community internet sites as long the source and copyright are acknowledged together with a hyperlink to the original Global Research article. For publication of Global Research articles in print or other forms including commercial internet sites, contact: [publications@globalresearch.ca](mailto:publications@globalresearch.ca)  
[www.globalresearch.ca](http://www.globalresearch.ca) contains copyrighted material the use of which has not always been specifically authorized by the copyright owner. We are making such material available to our readers under the provisions of "fair use" in an effort to advance a better understanding of political, economic and social issues. The material on this site is distributed without profit to those who have expressed a prior interest in receiving it for research and educational purposes. If you wish to use copyrighted material for purposes other than "fair use" you must request permission from the copyright owner.

For media inquiries: [publications@globalresearch.ca](mailto:publications@globalresearch.ca)