

Increased Incidence of Brain Cancer. Caused by Exposure to Pesticides and Electromagnetic Fields?

4 Times More New Cases of Glioblastoma in 2018 According to Public Health France

By Equipe Phonegate Global Research, December 05, 2019 Phonegate Alert 18 November 2019 Region: <u>Europe</u> Theme: <u>Science and Medicine</u>

In July 2019 (updated in September 2019), the French Public Health Agency "<u>Santé Publique</u> <u>France</u>", together with the Francim cancer registries, the Hospices Civils de Lyon and the Institut National du Cancer, published national estimates of cancer incidence and mortality in metropolitan France between 1990 and 2018. These are based on the modeling of observed incidence data (new cases) until 2015 by cancer registries, supplemented by projections until 2018.

Volume 1 of the report is devoted to solid tumors (27 tumors and 22 subtypes). Between 1990 and 2018, the overall incidence rate of solid tumors remained relatively stable in men and continued to increase in women. At the same time, the annual number of new cases of <u>glioblastoma</u> with histological confirmation (one of the most aggressive types of brain cancer) has increased fourfold and more for both sexes.

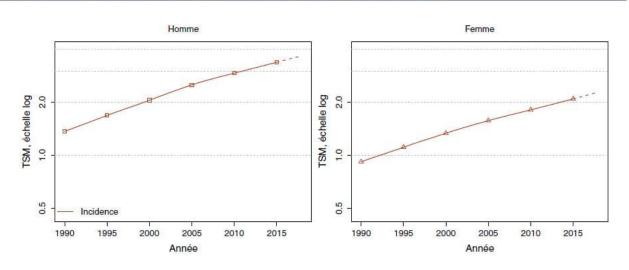


FIGURE 2 | Taux d'incidence en France selon l'année (taux standardisés monde) - Échelle logarithmique - Système nerveux central - Glioblastomes avec confirmation histologique

In 30 years, the number of glioblastomas multiplied by 4, affecting all ages

Santé Publique France estimates that there will be 3,481 new cases of these glioblastomas in metropolitan France in 2018, 58% of them in men. There were only 823 in 1990.

TABLEAU 4 | Nombre de cas en France selon l'année - Système nerveux central - Glioblastomes avec confirmation histologique

	Année									
		1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2018		
INCIDENCE										
	Homme	471	626	818	1 094	1 393	1 756	2 003		
	Femme	352	465	604	780	987	1 270	1 478		

Age trends show an increase in incidence regardless of age and gender between 1990 and 2018.

Tendances par âge

 TABLEAU 6
 Taux d'incidence en France selon l'année et par âge - Système nerveux central - Glioblastomes avec confirmation histologique

	Âge (années)	Homme			Femme			
		1990	2018	VAM= (%)	1990	2018	VA Mº (%)	
INCIDENCE								
	40	1,0	2,5	3,3 [1,8 ; 4,8]	0,6	1,3	3,1 [1,1 ; 5,1]	
	50	2,9	6,3	2,8 [1,8; 3,9]	2,1	3,3	1,7 [0,4 ; 3,0]	
	60	6,2	14.8	3,1 [2,3;4,0]	4.0	9,5	3,1 [2,2 ; 4,1]	
	70	5,9	21,3	4,7 [3,8 ; 5,6]	4,8	12,8	3,6 [2,6;4,6]	
	80	2,9	20,4	7,2 [5,7; 8,7]	0,8	17,0	11,7 [9,8 ; 13,6]	

* : Variation Annuelle Moyenne

According to Santé Publique France, similar observations are observed in the United States where an increase in the incidence of glioblastoma was also observed in the years 1980-1990 in connection with diagnostic progress. In addition, an Australian study reports an increasing incidence of histological confirmed glioblastoma over the period 2000-2008.

Exposure to waves is one of the possible factors

In conclusion of its analysis, Santé Publique France considers that the extrinsic factors that may play a role in increasing the incidence of glioblastoma could be:

"brain radiation therapy and possibly intense and prolonged exposure to pesticides (farmers)[14]. The latest epidemiological studies and animal experiments would support the carcinogenic role of exposure to electromagnetic fields[15]"

Absolute duty to protect children and young people

For Dr Annie Sasco, cancer epidemiologist, former Director of Research Unit at IARC-WHO:

"The evolution of incidence and mortality rates of central nervous system tumors as a whole and especially glioblastoma over the past 30 years is of particular concern. Of course, diagnostic behaviours have evolved and play a role, especially for older people. Nevertheless, there is a real increase, even among the youngest, for whom it is likely that diagnostic modalities have changed less than among the elderly and which may therefore be linked to environmental factors and primarily to the use of mobile or wireless phones. Informing the public should make it possible not to continue on this upward trajectory, especially among young people, with an absolute duty to protect children by not allowing them to use a cellular phone and in general by protecting them from exposure to electromagnetic fields".

Urgency for public authorities to act in the face of tens of thousands of deaths

For Dr. Marc Arazi, President of Phonegate Alert:

"Over the last 2 decades, nearly 50,000 people have been affected in France by this extremely aggressive brain tumor, which has a very high mortality rate. It was also during this period that mobile telephony exploded and industrialists knowingly overexposed us to the waves of our mobile phones. This industrial and health scandal has a name, the "Phonegate"! Public authorities can no longer deny the evidence and must urgently protect the health of tens of millions of users.

*

Note to readers: please click the share buttons above or below. Forward this article to your email lists. Crosspost on your blog site, internet forums. etc.

Featured image: Demonstrators at the anti-5G protest in Bern on Friday. (© Keystone / Peter Klaunzer)

The original source of this article is <u>Phonegate Alert</u> Copyright © <u>Equipe Phonegate</u>, <u>Phonegate Alert</u>, 2019

Comment on Global Research Articles on our Facebook page

Become a Member of Global Research

Articles by: Equipe Phonegate

Disclaimer: The contents of this article are of sole responsibility of the author(s). The Centre for Research on Globalization will not be responsible for any inaccurate or incorrect statement in this article. The Centre of Research on Globalization grants permission to cross-post Global Research articles on community internet sites as long the source and copyright are acknowledged together with a hyperlink to the original Global Research article. For publication of Global Research articles in print or other forms including commercial internet sites, contact: publications@globalresearch.ca

www.globalresearch.ca contains copyrighted material the use of which has not always been specifically authorized by the copyright owner. We are making such material available to our readers under the provisions of "fair use" in an effort to advance a better understanding of political, economic and social issues. The material on this site is distributed without profit to those who have expressed a prior interest in receiving it for research and educational purposes. If you wish to use copyrighted material for purposes other than "fair use" you must request permission from the copyright owner.

For media inquiries: publications@globalresearch.ca